

## **NOTICES**

## **Scope of Practice for Emergency Medical Service Providers**

[47 Pa.B. 3291] [Saturday, June 10, 2017]

Under 35 Pa.C.S. §§ 8101—8157 (relating to Emergency Medical Services System Act) and the Depart- ment of Health's (Department) regulations in 28 Pa. Code §§ 1023.24(d)(1), 1023.25(d)(1), 1023.26(d)(1), 1023.27(d)(1), 1023.28(d), 1023.29(d) and 1023.30(e), the Department is publishing the scope of practice for emergency medical responders (EMR), emergency medical technicians (EMT), advanced emergency medical technicians (AEMT), paramedics, prehospital registered nurses (PHRN), prehospital physician extenders (PHPE) and prehospital physicians (PHP).

Skills identified may be performed by an emergency medical service (EMS) provider at the provider's level of certification or registration only if the provider has successfully completed the approved education (cognitive, affective and psychomotor) on the specified skill, which includes training to perform the skill on adults, children and infants, as appropriate. EMRs, EMTs, AEMTs and Ps may only perform the skills identified, through either Statewide or other Department-approved protocols, or skills that may be ordered online by a medical command physician.

As the following chart indicates, a PHRN, PHPE and PHP may perform all skills identified as within a paramedic's scope of practice. Each of these EMS providers may perform additional skills outlined as follows.

A PHRN who is appropriately credentialed by the EMS agency medical director may perform other services authorized by The Professional Nursing Law (63 P.S. §§ 211—225.5) when authorized by a medical command physician through either online medical command or through the applicable Statewide or Department-approved EMS protocols.

A PHPE who is appropriately credentialed by the EMS agency medical director may perform services within the scope of practice of a physician assistant under the Medical Practice Act of 1985 (63 P.S. §§ 422.1—422.51a) or the Osteopathic Medical Practice Act (63 P.S. §§ 271.1—271.18) when authorized by a medical command physician through either online medical command or through applicable Statewide or Department-approved EMS protocols. When a PHPE functions as an EMS provider, the physician supervision requirements applicable to a physician assistant under the Medical Practice Act of 1985 and the Osteopathic Medical Practice Act do not apply.

A PHP who is appropriately credentialed by the EMS agency medical director may perform skills within a paramedic's scope of practice and other skills within the practice of medicine or osteopathic medicine. A PHP may not perform a skill that the PHP has not been educated and trained to perform.

Under 28 Pa. Code § 1023.1(a)(1)(vi) and (vii) (relating to EMS agency medical director), the EMS agency medical director must make an initial assessment of each EMS provider at or above the AEMT level, and then within 12 months of each prior assessment, to determine whether the EMS provider has the knowledge and skills to competently perform the skills within the EMS provider's scope of practice, and a commitment to adequately perform other functions relevant to

the EMS provider providing EMS at that level. EMS providers at or above the AEMT level may only perform skills that the EMS agency medical director has credentialed them to perform.

The Department wishes to highlight the following change to the scope of practice for all EMS providers. Effective November 29, 2014, administration of Naloxone in intranasal or auto-injector form is approved for all levels of EMS providers and is listed under the "Medications" category of this notice. This change is under sections 13.7 and 13.8 of The Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act (35 P.S. §§ 780-113.7 and 780-113.8), which requires the Department by December 31, 2014, to amend the scope of practice for EMS providers to include the administration of Naloxone. Prior to this change, Naloxone was listed on the approved drug list only for ALS ambulance services and for advanced-level EMS providers. See 42 Pa.B. 4229 (July 7, 2012).

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	Category	Skill	<b>EMR</b>	<b>EMT</b>	<b>AEMT</b>	<b>P</b> *
1	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Airway—Nonsurgical Alternative/Rescue Airway— CombiTube <sup>TM</sup> , iGel® Supraglottic, King LT-D Airway <sup>TM</sup> or King LTS-D Airway <sup>TM</sup>	No	No	Yes	Yes
2	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Airway—Oropharyngeal (OPA) and Nasopharyngeal (NPA)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Airway—Pharyngeal tracheal lumen (PTL)	No	No	No	No
4	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Bag-valve—ETT/Nonsurgical alternative airway ventilation	Yes <sup>2</sup>	Yes <sup>2</sup>	Yes	Yes
5	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Bag-valve-ventilation—with in- line small-volume nebulizer	No	Yes <sup>2</sup>	Yes	Yes
6	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Bag-valve-mask (BVM) ventilation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
7	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Chest decompression—needle	No	No	No	Yes
8		Chest tube thoracostomy, monitoring of existing tube in a closed system (for example water seal or suction)	No	No	No	No
9	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Chest tube thoracostomy, acute insertion	No	No	No	No
10	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP)	No	Yes <sup>1</sup>	Yes	Yes
11	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Biphasic positive airway pressure (BiPAP) for patients chronically on BiPAP for >48 hours	No	No	No	Yes
12	·	Biphasic positive airway pressure (BiPAP) for patients on BiPAP for <48 hours	No	No	No	No
	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Cricothyrotomy—needle	No	No	No	Yes

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		Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	• • •	No	No	No	Yes
]	15	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Cricothyrotomy—overwire (Seldinger) technique	No	No	No	Yes
]	16	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	End tidal CO <sub>2</sub> monitoring/ capnography	No	No	Yes	Yes
]	17	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Esophageal obturator airway (EOA)/esophageal gastric tube airway (EGTA)	No	No	No	No
]	18	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Extubation—removal of ETT	No	No	No	Yes
]	19	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Gastric decompressions— Orogastric or nasogastric tube insertion	No	No	No	Yes
2	20	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Gastric decompression by alternative/rescue airway (CombiTube <sup>TM</sup> or King LTS-	No	No	Yes	Yes
			$D^{TM}$ )				
		Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
2	22	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Inspiratory Impedance Threshold Device (ITD)	No	No	Yes <sup>1</sup>	Yes
2	23	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Endotracheal Intubation—by direct laryngoscopy (including video intubation devices), nasotracheal, digital and transillumination/lighted stylet techniques	No	No	No	Yes
2	24	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Endotracheal Intubation— paralytic assisted, rapid sequence induction (RSI)	No	No	No	No
2	25	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Ventilation—maintenance of previously initiated neuromuscular blockade	No	No	No	No
2	26	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Endotracheal Intubation—retrograde technique	No	No	No	No
2	27	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Jaw thrust and modified jaw thrust (trauma)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
2	28	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Laryngeal mask airway (LMA)	No	No	No	No
2	29	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Mouth-to-mouth, nose, stoma, barrier and pocket mask	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	30	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Obstruction—direct laryngoscopy (remove with forceps)	No	No	No	Yes
3	31	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Obstruction—manual (abdominal thrusts, finger sweep, chest thrusts) upper airway	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	32	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Oxygen therapy—blow-by delivery	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
		Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation		No	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	34	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Oxygen therapy—nasal cannula	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

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	35	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Oxygen therapy—nonrebreather	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	36	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Oxygen therapy—partial rebreather	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
	37	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Oxygen therapy—regulators	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	38	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Oxygen therapy—simple face mask	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
	39	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Oxygen therapy—Venturi mask	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
•	40	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Peak expiratory flow assessment	No	No	Yes	Yes
•	41	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Suctioning—meconium aspiration	No	No	No	Yes
		,	Suctioning—stoma/tracheostomy	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
•	43	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Suctioning—tracheobronchial by advanced airway	No	Yes <sup>2</sup>	Yes	Yes
	44	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Suctioning—upper airway (nasal)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	45	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Suctioning—upper airway (oral)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	46	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Transtracheal jet ventilation	No	No	No	Yes
•	47	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Single mode, volume controlled automated ventilator (without blender)	No	Yes <sup>1</sup>	Yes <sup>1</sup>	Yes <sup>1</sup>
•	48	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Ventilators, transport—single or multi-modal, with or without blender, using volume control mode only, on patients >1 year of age with no anticipated need to actively titrate ventilator settings during transport	No	No	No	Yes <sup>1</sup>
•	49	Airway/Ventilation/Oxygenation	Ventilators, transport— multimodal, on patients requiring pressure control, pressure support or other advanced setting or anticipated need to actively titrate ventilator settings during transport regardless of ventilation mode	No	No	No	No
	50	Cardiovascular/Circulation	Blood pressure—auscultation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	51	Cardiovascular/Circulation	Blood pressure—electronic noninvasive	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	52	Cardiovascular/Circulation	Blood pressure—palpation	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
,	53	Cardiovascular/Circulation	Electrocardiogram (ECG) monitoring—apply electrodes for single leads	No	Yes <sup>2</sup>	Yes <sup>2</sup>	Yes
•	54	Cardiovascular/Circulation	Electrocardiogram (ECG) monitoring—obtain and transmit 12-lead ECG	No	No	Yes	Yes
	55	Cardiovascular/Circulation	Electrocardiogram (ECG) monitoring—12-lead (interpret)	No	No	No	Yes
•	56	Cardiovascular/Circulation	Cardiac monitoring—single lead (interpret)	No	No	No	Yes
	57	Cardiovascular/Circulation	Manual chest compressions—	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

		adult, child, infant				
58	Cardiovascular/Circulation	Cardioversion—synchronized	No	No	No	Yes
59	Cardiovascular/Circulation	Carotid massage (vagal maneuvers)	No	No	No	Yes
60	Cardiovascular/Circulation	Defibrillation—counter shock—manual	No	No	No	Yes
61	Cardiovascular/Circulation	Transcutaneous cardiac pacing	No	No	No	Yes
62	Cardiovascular/Circulation	Transvenous or Epicardial pacing, Management of	No	No	No	No
63	Cardiovascular/Circulation	Defibrillation—automated external defibrillator (AED)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
64	Cardiovascular/Circulation	Hemodynamic monitoring/assist (Swan Ganz, central venous pressure)	No	No	No	No
65	Cardiovascular/Circulation	Intra-aortic balloon pump or invasive cardiac assist device monitoring/assist	No	No	No	No
66	Cardiovascular/Circulation	Mechanical chest compression device use	No	Yes <sup>1</sup>	Yes <sup>1</sup>	Yes <sup>1</sup>
67	Cardiovascular/Circulation	Thrombolytic therapy—initiation	No	No	No	No
68	Cardiovascular/Circulation	Thrombolytic therapy— monitoring	No	No	No	No
69	IV Initiation/Maintenance/Fluids	Central venous cannulation/insertion	No	No	No	No
70	IV Initiation/Maintenance/Fluids	Central venous line—access of existing catheters with external ports	No	No	No	Yes
71	IV Initiation/Maintenance/Fluids	External jugular vein cannulation	No	No	No	Yes
72	IV Initiation/Maintenance/Fluids	Saline lock insertions as no-flow IV	No	No	Yes	Yes
73	IV Initiation/Maintenance/Fluids	Intraosseous—needle placement and infusion—tibia, femur and humerus	No	No	Yes <sup>3</sup>	Yes
74	IV Initiation/Maintenance/Fluids	IV insertion, peripheral venous—initiation (cannulation)	No	No	Yes	Yes
75	IV Initiation/Maintenance/Fluids	Sub-cutaneous indwelling catheters—access of existing catheters	No	No	No	No
76	IV Initiation/Maintenance/Fluids	Venous blood sampling, peripheral—for clinical diagnostic purposes only	No	No	Yes <sup>3</sup>	Yes
77	IV Initiation/Maintenance/Fluids	Venous blood sampling, peripheral—for legal purposes only (Applies to Paramedics only, as defined and permitted by Act 142 of 2016)	No	No	No	Yes
78	IV Initiation/Maintenance/Fluids	Venous central line (blood sampling)—obtaining	No	No	No	No

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79	IV Initiation/Maintenance/Fluids	Arterial line—capped—transport	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
80	IV Initiation/Maintenance/Fluids	Arterial line—monitoring/assist	No	No	No	No
81	IV Initiation/Maintenance/Fluids	Blood/Blood-by-products administration (initiation and continuation)	No	No	No	No
82	Lifting and Moving	Patient lifting, moving and transfers	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
83	Lifting and Moving	Patient restraints on transport devices	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
84	Medication administration routes	Endotracheal (ET)	No	No	No	Yes
85	Medication administration routes	Inhalation (aerosolized/nebulized)	No	No	Yes	Yes
86	Medication administration routes	Intramuscular (IM)	No	No	Yes	Yes
87	Medication administration routes	Intranasal (IN)	No	No	Yes	Yes
88	Medication administration routes	Intraosseous (IO)—tibia, humerus or femur	No	No	No	Yes
89	Medication administration routes	Intravenous (IV)—fluid bolus	No	No	Yes	Yes
90	Medication administration routes	Intravenous (IV)—monitoring or maintaining existing intravenous infusion (crystalloid fluid as published in the EMS medication list in the <i>Pennsylvania Bulletin</i> ) during interfacility transport	No	No	Yes	Yes
91	Medication administration routes	Intravenous (IV) infusion, with added medication, including by intravenous pump	No	No	No	Yes
92	Medication administration routes	Nasogastric	No	No	No	Yes
93	Medication administration routes	Enteral feeding devices, Management of	No	No	No	No
94	Medication administration routes	Oral—glucose and aspirin (other medications addressed elsewhere)	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
95	Medication administration routes	Rectal	No	No	No	Yes
96	Medication administration routes	Subcutaneous	No	No	Yes	Yes
97	Medication administration routes	Sublingual ( <i>Note</i> : EMT may only assist patient with his/her prescribed Nitroglycerin (NTG))	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
98	Medication administration routes	Topical	No	No	No	Yes
99	Medications	Auto—injector benzodiazepine for seizure	No	No	No	Yes

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100 Medications	Auto—injector epinephrine (assist patient with his/her prescribed medication)	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
101 Medications	Auto—injected epinephrine— primary use—not patient's own prescription	No	Yes <sup>1</sup>	Yes	Yes
102 Medications	Medications as published in Pennsylvania Bulletin by the Department	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
103 Medications	Immunizations as published in the <i>Pennsylvania Bulletin</i> by the Department	No	No	Yes	Yes
104 Medications	Over-the-counter (OTC) medications ( <i>Note</i> : aspirin and glucose covered elsewhere)	No	No	No	No
105 Medications	Oxygen	Yes <sup>1</sup>	Yes	Yes	Yes
106 Medications	Auto-injector nerve agent antidote—self or peer rescue	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
107 Medications	Auto-injector nerve agent antidote—patient treatment	No	Yes <sup>3</sup>	Yes <sup>3</sup>	Yes
108 Medications	Metered-dose inhaler (MDI) bronchodilator ( <i>Note</i> : EMT may only assist patient with his/her own prescribed medication)	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
109 Medications	Naloxone—Intranasal or auto- injector	Yes <sup>1,6</sup>	Yes <sup>1,6</sup>	Yes	Yes
110 Patient assessment/management	Behavioral—Restrain violent patient	Yes <sup>1</sup>	Yes	Yes	Yes
111 Patient assessment/management	Blood glucose assessment	No	Yes <sup>1</sup>	Yes	Yes
112 Patient assessment/management	Portable blood analysis devices, use of (glucometer covered elsewhere)	No	No	No	No
113 Patient assessment/management	Childbirth—umbilical cord cutting	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
114 Patient assessment/management	complications)	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
115 Patient assessment/management	delivery	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
116 Patient assessment/management	monitoring	No	Yes <sup>1</sup>	Yes <sup>1</sup>	Yes <sup>1</sup>
117 Patient assessment/management	with environmental surveillance devices	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
118 Patient assessment/management	(Swan Ganz, central venous pressure)	No	No	No	No
119 Patient assessment/management	Dislocation reduction	No	No	No	No
120 Patient assessment/management	Eye irrigation ( <i>Note</i> : irrigation through corneal contact device	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

	limited to AEMT and Paramedic)				
121 Patient assessment/management	Intracranial monitoring/assist	No	No	No	No
122 Patient assessment/management	Patient management per Statewide EMS Protocols and Department approved protocols	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
123 Patient assessment/management	Pulse oximetry monitoring	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
124 Patient assessment/management	Splinting, extremity—manual, rigid, soft, vacuum	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
125 Patient assessment/management	Splinting, femur—traction	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
126 Patient assessment/management	Urinary catheterization	No	No	No	No
127 Patient assessment/management	Wound care, dressing, bandaging	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
128 Patient assessment/management	Wound care, removal of Taser probe/barb	No	No	No	No
129 Patient assessment/management	Wound drainage vacuum devices, monitoring	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
130 Patient assessment/management	Wound care, hemorrhage control —direct pressure, tourniquet, bandaging, hemostatic agents	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
131 Patient assessment/management	Wound care, irrigation and skin closure with tape or adhesive glue	No	No	No	No
132 Spine Care	Restrict spinal motion—Cervical collar application	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
133 Spine Care	Restrict spinal motion—Helmet removal or stabilization	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
134 Spine Care	Restrict spinal motion—manual cervical spine stabilization	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
135 Spine Care	Restrict spinal motion—rapid extrication with precautions to restrict spinal movement	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
136 Spine Care	Devices to restrict spinal motion —for example—vacuum mattress, extrication devices, scoop stretcher and spine board)	No	Yes	Yes	Yes

EMR—Emergency Medical Responder; EMT—Emergency Medical Technician; AEMT—Advanced Emergency Medical Technician; P\*—Paramedic (\*includes—PHRN/PHPE/PHP)

No—The skill is not in the scope of practice for the level of certification.

Yes—The skill is in the scope of practice for the level of certification.

- 1. Additional training and authorization by EMS agency medical director is required, and this skill may only be used when functioning with a licensed EMS agency that complies with Department requirements for providing this skill.
- 2. May assist a P, PHRN, PHPE or PHP with this skill only when in the physical presence of and under the direct supervision of the higher level provider.
- 3. May perform this skill only in the physical presence of and under the direct supervision of a P, PHRN, PHPE or PHP.

- 4. After July 1, 2015, Statewide ALS Protocol will include any restrictions placed upon the use of this skill.
  - 5. This skill becomes effective July 1, 2015.
- 6. Department-approved Act 139 training required and approval of the EMS medical director, and this skill may only be used when functioning with a licensed EMS agency that complies with Department requirements for providing this skill.

KAREN M. MURPHY, PhD, RN, Secretary

[Pa.B. Doc. No. 17-965. Filed for public inspection June 9, 2017, 9:00 a.m.]

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